



MUNSON & McNAMARA.

123 and 125 MAIN STREET.

Condensed Bulletins.

WE'LL SELL YOU GOODS CHEAP.

HOSIERY.

20 dozen Misses Hosiery, black and colors, all wool, regular made; sizes 6 to 12, worth 30 to 40 cents a pair according to the size, all at the uniform price of 25 cents per pair.

HOSIERY.

50 dozen Ladies Hosiery, all wool, not merino, black and colors, regular made, full length worth 40 cents per pair at every store where they have them at all, at 25 cents per pair.

DRESS GOODS.

10 pieces of Camelotte, 42 inches wide, all wool, new colorings, never sold less than 80 cents in the regular way; the biggest thing on earth at 49 cents per yard.

Dress Goods.

5 pieces Camels Hair, 50 inches wide, greys and browns with handsome borders, formerly \$1.25 per yd. They won't last long at 69 cents per yd.

Dress Goods.

10 pieces plain colors and 10 pieces stripe boucle to match advertised last week, at 29 cents, did not arrive. They will surely be here Monday and will be put on sale. Don't miss them.

Cloaks.

50 childrens cloaks, sizes 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 years, all at the uniform price of 75 cents each.

Flannels.

40 pieces good heavy cotton flannel valued at 10 cents per yd. We have no place for them in our regular line and will let them out at 6 1/4-cs per yd.

Speaking of Towels

Here is one for you! Heavy fine German damask, knotted fringe; a small lot of 25 dozen at 29 cents each.

Skirts.

10 dozen black farmers satin skirts 6 in. quilted bottom at 89c each.

Feathers.

10 pieces feather trimmings, nice shades of tan, brown beige, blue, myrtle and black all at 19 cents per yd.

Silks.

2 pieces black satin Rhodane warranted to wear, good value at \$1.25 per yd. We know this to be a good silk and put it on sale at an even \$1. per yd.

Linens.

All the bargains in Linens and towels advertised last week and not closed out then will be continued a little longer.

Silks Again.

A new line of black and colored Faillie Francaise silks, the newest and most popular we have in silks this season, are now open for your inspection.

Trimmings.

Three new lines of dress trimming to open now, buttons, Galloons, and black and colored beads, all of the latest designs, and prices reasonable.

Dress Goods.

Another fine line of novelties in dress goods, more hair line stripes, more popular black and white patterns, and new greys in housepieces.

Underwear.

We will still run our ladies' scarlet vests at 69c; there are not many of them left after last week's sale. You will not see again this year such goods for the money.

Blankets.

We are still in shape to provide you with blankets at the same low prices at which we have been running them; the very best goods for the least money.

Next week we have our opening of Fine Wraps. Wait for it.

MUNSON & McNAMARA

CAPITAL NEWS NOTES.

The Supreme Court Decides That Individual Stockholders are Liable

To the Full Amount of Shares Standing to Their Names on Banks' Books.

The Imperturbable Telephone Folds Pleading For a Hearing Before the Supreme Court.

An Opinion From the Solicitor of the Treasury on the Matter of Imports on Certain Articles.

Stated That Manufacturers and Dealers in the Oleaginous Substance Will Meet the Tax.

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 2, 1 a. m.—The following are the indications for Missouri: Generally fair weather, slightly cooler, winds shifting to westerly.

For Kansas: Generally fair weather, cooler in the eastern portion; nearly stationary temperature in the western portion; westerly winds shifting to northerly.

CAPITAL BUDGET.

PRINCE AND PRESIDENT.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—Prince Louis Napoleon called at the white house today and paid his respects to the president. He was accompanied by his private secretary and Albert DeForester, secretary of the Italian legation.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.

A decision was rendered by the supreme court of the United States today in the series of cases known as the Pacific National bank cases, brought here by appeal from the United States circuit court for the district of Massachusetts. These were suits instituted by the receiver of the insolvent Pacific National bank of Boston against the stockholders of that bank to enforce personal liability for the assessment of 100 per cent upon shares of both original and increased capital stock of the bank standing upon its books in their names. This court holds that stockholders are liable upon their shares of increased capital stock; that defenses and judgments and decrees of the circuit court in favor of the receiver must be affirmed in all cases and it is so ordered. The opinion was delivered by Justice Matthews.

Motions were made in the United States supreme court today to advance and hear together immediately after the foregoing cases all the cases now on the docket of this court which involve the great telephone controversy. Counsel stated to the court that the records in these cases comprise 25,000 octavo pages of printed matter and that the argument of all the cases be heard together, will occupy a week or more. The court took the motion under advice.

THE SILVER COIN CASE.

The total coinage executed at the mints during October was \$1,712,109, of which \$3,000,000 was in standard dollars.

PRESIDENTIAL APPOINTMENTS.

The president today appointed David T. Banker, of Massachusetts, to be United States consul at Danmaria; Oliver H. Gallup, of Nevada, to be receiver of the land office at Carson City, Nev.; vice W. E. Copeland, declined.

THE SOLICITOR'S OPINION.

Judge McCue, solicitor of the treasury, has given an opinion to the secretary in regard to the wines and other articles brought from abroad by the officers of the United States steamers Portsmouth and Saratoga. He divides the articles in question into three classes, as follows:

First, Certain wines purchased abroad by the caterers of the mess, and in use for consumption aboard the vessel by the members of the mess or their visitors.

Second, Certain articles, including wines, gloves, clothing, etc., reported for use of persons other than the officers bringing the same.

Third, Other articles, including wines, gloves, clothing, etc., brought for the officers' use.

In regard to the first class the solicitor holds that the goods when they are landed to be landed they are not dutiable if taken on ship-board for use. He says that an importation is an arrival with intent to unload.

In regard to the second class, viz: The articles brought by officers for their own use, the solicitor holds that they are dutiable and that there is no discretion in the customs officers or in the secretary of the treasury to abate any portion of the duties prescribed by law.

As to the third class, viz: The articles brought by officers for their own use, the solicitor holds that they are dutiable and that there is no discretion in the customs officers or in the secretary of the treasury to abate any portion of the duties prescribed by law.

In conclusion the solicitor says that he does not think there are necessarily any penalties incurred by the naval officers, so that whatever is collected from them should be in the way of duties on such of the goods as the collector may decide to be dutiable.

WILL MEET THE TAX.

The law taxing oleomargarine went into operation today. Reports received by Commissioner Miller show that all classes of manufacturers and dealers, including the retail men, propose to meet the tax and continue in business.

BRITISH GRAIN TRADE.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—The Mark Lane Express in its review of the British grain trade during the past week, says the deliveries of native wheat have been small at 6d. to 1s. above the previous week. The sales of English wheat were 118,919 quarters at 3s. 4d., against 59,000 quarters at 3s. 4d. during the corresponding period of last year. Country flour is firm and old. A fair trade is doing in barley at an advance for the finest at 2s. while foreign wheat is firmly held and values are unchanged. Corn has risen 3d. to 6d. Linseed has gained 1s.

Three cargoes of wheat arrived, one cargo was withdrawn and two reshipped. At today's market wheat was firm, though there was less demand. There was a short supply of corn and sales were freely made at 6d. advance. Barley steady, oats unchanged.

Bonds with a Whoop.

Special Dispatch to the Daily Eagle. EL DORADO, Kan., Nov. 1.—El Dorado city today voted \$75,000 in bonds to the Ft. Smith, El Dorado & Northwestern railroad, but one vote being cast against. The proposition provides that the company shall locate machine shops and general office here.

Mrs. Stewart's Will.

New York, Nov. 1.—The will of Mrs. Cornelia M. Stewart, wife of the late millionaire dry goods merchant, was filed for probate today by ex-Judge Horace Russell, Henry Hilton's son-in-law. Citations were immediately issued against next of kin, made returnable on November 13. In the instrument Mrs. Stewart bequeathed \$30,000 per year during life to her brother, Charles G. Clinch; to each of her sisters, Anna, Emma and Julia, she leaves an annuity of \$10,000 a year; to her niece, Sarah N. Stewart, she leaves \$250,000; to her daughter, Butler, \$200,000, and to each of her children, Lawrence and Charles S. Butler, \$50,000; to Kate A. Smith \$200,000; to each of remaining children of Sarah N. Smith, namely, Louisa, Ella, Roscoe and James, \$100,000; to each of children of her deceased sister, Louise, formerly wife of Charles E. Butler, namely, Rosalie, Helen, Virginia, Lillian, Maxwell and Prescott, \$50,000. All the rest of the estate, real and personal, she bequeaths to Charles J. Clinch, now of Paris, and, if he should die, to be payable until three years from final probate of will nor any of the annuities until six months after such probate. The executors to the will are Charles J. Clinch and Henry Hilton, and witnesses to the instrument Henry E. Davies, Jas. Henry Work and Edward B. Hilton. The will is dated July 5, 1877.

In a codicil to the will she revokes the bequest to Henry Hilton of one-half of her residuary estate, and instead bequeaths to him one-half of the residue of her property and estate in trust to collect, receive, hold, manage, control, sell and apply same to the following purposes: To complete the Stewart memorial church now in course of erection by her at Garden City, Long Island, to supply it with all that is necessary to make it a free church and cathedral for the Protestant Episcopal church of the diocese of Long Island; to endow it with such money as will maintain it forever, with provisions for the bishop of the diocese and his assistants to construct two buildings to be used as schools and seminaries of learning to be attached to such school as will sustain them with such money as will sustain them forever, and to erect such other buildings as the cathedral and seminary may require. All these buildings are to be erected on Mrs. Stewart's lands there, known as the Hempstead places. These buildings when completed are to be connected to the use forever of the Protestant Episcopal church of the diocese of Long Island. All of the one-half of her residuary estate so devised to be applied for the above purposes. If any heir becomes party to any proceeding to interfere with the will any provision in his or her favor to be cancelled. A codicil to the will is dated May 23, 1878.

The Cheyennes Quiet.

CUSTER, Mont., Nov. 1.—Scott Campbell returned to Fort Custer yesterday having ridden in from the agency on the Missouri river, and he reports that the Cheyennes are quiet. He went under orders to the agency in advance of Capt. Forde's battalion of the 1st cavalry, and after gathering what information he could for the fort, reporting the situation quite quiet. He says that the Cheyennes are quiet, and he says that the Cheyennes are quiet, and he says that the Cheyennes are quiet.

A Mexican Monster.

New York, Nov. 1.—A special from New Mexico, Mexico says, On the south bound Mexican National train which pulled into this station yesterday morning, Senora Albroda Martinez, a Mexican woman and her two daughters, aged six and eight years, were passengers. They had started the train at Laredo and were bound for Monterey. The train was stopped by a man and her two daughters, a native entered the car. The woman and children were no other than his wife and stepdaughters. He approached them: leaning forward, put his arm around his wife as if to embrace her, but instead placed the muzzle of a pistol against her breast and fired twice, both shots entering her body. He then fired at the youngest of the children, sending a bullet crashing through its head. He fired two shots, one entering his wife's brain, the other not taking effect. The monster was arrested and put in jail. When he was taken to the jail he was in a state of great excitement. He was taken to the jail and he was taken to the jail.

Bad Railroad Wreck.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 1.—A very disastrous railroad accident occurred near Parkersburg, W. Va., yesterday. The particulars and extent of which have been kept secret. A heavy loaded freight train was crossing the Cheatman, Washington and Baltimore road and struck a cow on the bridge derailing the engine and several cars. The bridge caught fire and gave way wrecking the engine and several cars. The train and bridge were completely destroyed. Loss to company not less than \$100,000.

A Mysterious Murder.

CHICAGO, Nov. 1.—At daylight this morning the dead body of Henry Munn was found at the intersection of Duane avenue and Rogers' road in Rogers' park, one and one-half blocks from his residence. There were a number of wounds on the dead man's head that looked as if they had been inflicted by some blunt instrument. So far there is absolutely no clue to the murderer. The last seen of Mr. Munn was at 2 p. m. yesterday, when his brother-in-law, John Nye, met him. Munn was one of the best known and wealthiest Germans in the township of Evanston.

AGREE TO DISAGREE.

Another Strike has Occurred in Chicago Stock Yards Packing Houses.

The Contest Being Over the Number of Hours for a Day's Work.

Employers Insist Upon a Return to the Ten Hour System, With Pay at Current Rates.

Employees Declining to Resume Work at Ten Hours Without Proportionate Increase of Pay.

Pork Packers in East St. Louis Experiencing Like Trouble Over the Same Question.

Another Butcher's Strike.

CHICAGO, Nov. 1.—The threatened strike among beef men at the stock yards commenced today. Nearly six thousand men are now out from the slaughter houses of G. P. Swift & Co. and Nelson Morris. The trouble is over the adoption of the ten-hour system, the men refusing to work the two extra hours without additional pay. In these two houses there are no hogs killed, and employees say they cannot accept the ten-hour system. Each of the two houses employ about three thousand men, and at present many of these are congregated about the streets and on the corners near the big houses, but there is as yet no indication of trouble nor that the police will be called upon to protect the men, but it is not early to determine the intention of the two firms.

Further particulars from the stock yards strike are to the effect that Swift's men sent a communication to him on Saturday insisting on having an increase of 50 cents per day should the firm return to the ten-hour system, and this was agreed to this morning. When then the beef butchers went to work they found that Foreman Wilder, of Swift's, had discharged James Matthews, committeeman. They also found that the wages for laborers had not been increased, so they struck. They intend now to have a meeting of the men, and also a return to eight hours a day.

Hearing that Swift's men were out, the beef butchers employed by Nelson Morris went out. The crowd went down to Swift's machine shop and compelled the men there to strike. After this they went to Armour's for the purpose of calling his men out, but this move was anticipated by the firm who got a force of police to guard the principal entrances and the crowd was kept away. The strikers arranged to hold a meeting during the day. A member of the executive committee told a reporter that unless the two firms gave in, all the employees in the yards will be called out.

Between 200 and 300 men in Libby, McKee & Libby's cannery establishment also went out. The reason alleged was that the Morris establishment partly supplies the cannery firm with beef, and the meeting of strikers was held late this evening. No one except Knight of Labor were admitted. Fully a thousand non-union strikers congregated on Sixth street, anxiously awaiting the action of the Knights. Several speeches were made and wild applause greeted every reference to the eight-hour day plan. A motion to make no compromise on anything short of eight hours carried by a unanimous vote. A committee was appointed to take charge of the strike and given full power to act.

The Knights of Labor explained tonight that the men had been offered the reinstatement of the discharged men but would they hold out for a return to the eight-hour system by all the beef houses. He said the proprietors would be given until Saturday to decide what they would do, and if they persisted in running ten hours a general strike would probably be ordered which would include Swift's, Morris' and also Armour's slaughter houses.

Strike at East St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 1.—A circular posted at Whitcomb's pork packing house in East St. Louis this morning notifying employees that hereafter ten hours would constitute a day's work at prevailing wages. The employees have been working nine hours per day heretofore. At noon the men held a meeting to consider what action to take, and pursuant to a resolution adopted they demanded of their employers that the present hours of labor be not changed. The employers refused to comply with the demand and the men at 1 o'clock refused to go to work. There is little excitement over the strike and no trouble anticipated.

Generous Brothers.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The convention of the International Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, in session here for twelve days, adjourned this afternoon after voting \$5,500 for distribution among the widows and orphans of engineers, thanks and \$50 each to each of the twelve members of the local committee of arrangements who have managed the royal entertainment for the visitors and their ladies.

The Patona Afloat.

BOSTON, Nov. 1.—The Cunard Line steamer Patona was dated this morning, the holes in her forward compartments having been temporarily stopped, and started under her own steam for Boston. The damage to the vessel cannot be estimated at present.

Lowell-Lytton Nuptials.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Despatch from London says: Engagements of Jas. Russell Lowell to the daughter of Lady Lytton, widow of the late and great Lord Lytton, are announced. Lady Lytton has, like Mr. Lowell, been already twice married. She has three children and is about 40 years old.

Fire in a Coal Mine.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 1.—Fire at the Standard coal mines near Mt. Pleasant, Pa., is believed to be under control and the company expect to have the mines subside before tomorrow. The loss will not be less than \$50,000.

Semi-Annual Dividend.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 1.—The directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad company held a special meeting today and declared a semi-annual dividend of 2 1/2 per cent upon the capital stock of the company out of profits and payable in cash.

An Ex-Treasurer Short.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 1.—The investigation into Ex-Treasurer Carter's accounts so far show a deficiency of \$30,000. The selectmen have accordingly attached Carter's property and cited him into court to prove his accounts.

A Would-be Assassin.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The surveyor of the port of New York, Beattie, was shot about eight o'clock today in his office at the custom house by a discharged inspector, who fired five or six shots. Particulars cannot be obtained as yet nor is it known whether or not the wounds are fatal.

Beattie was wounded in two places; one of the bullets, it is said, entered the groin. He is still in the custom house. Attendants state his condition is not considered serious. The inspector who fired the shots is named Bialer, who was discharged last week. He was for about a dozen years attached to the custom house. About a week ago the surveyor dismissed him from the service, it being proved that he was in the habit of exacting money from poor emigrants at Castle Garden, where he was lately stationed. The specific charge on which he was removed was compelling emigrants to pay \$2 duty on sewing machines.

Coroner Levy took the statement of Surveyor Beattie this morning. He said the prisoner was removed from his post of inspection on his recommendation, as he had illegally taken money from an immigrant girl. The surveyor was sitting at his desk when his door was thrown open and the prisoner entered with a pistol in his hand exclaiming: Now by God I'll teach you—He fired three shots, two of which took effect, one through the fleshy part of the surveyor's left hand and the other struck the east of the elbow, glancing in an inward and upward direction; this ball has not yet been extracted.

The prisoner when captured was perfectly calm, admitting the shooting, and added he did it because Beattie refused to listen to the man who went to him to appeal for his reinstatement. The prisoner was taken before the injured officer who unhesitatingly identified him. Bialer said: "Yes, I am the one that did it. He took the bread and butter out of my family's mouth."

The prisoner was subsequently taken to the Tombs police court, where he confessed to Justice Murray to having fired the shot and said he did it because the surveyor had discharged him without cause. He was born in Valparaiso in 1814, and came to this country when fourteen years of age.

When 25 years of age he enlisted on the frigate Columbia for a three years' cruise around the world, during which he assisted in burning three Chinese towboats for firing on American ships. He next speculated in horses, at which he accumulated considerable money, and in 1849 he went to California where he added to his wealth. He first met John Morrissey, Bret Harte and others there. He was a friend of Bill Pease who was shot. He served in the first California regiment in the war of the rebellion and at the battle of Ball's Bluff rescued Col. Balford's killed the day after the battle. He was given a medal and a pension of \$20. He had been in the custom house twenty-five years, receiving his first appointment through General Hancock and General Sickles. He denies the charge of taking two dollars from an immigrant girl, for which he was discharged, and says that after shooting the surveyor he turned the pistol on himself, but was so nervous that the bullet went through his hat. He was held for shooting.

The wounded man retained consciousness throughout and as soon as it was considered safe was put into an ambulance and taken to his home.

They Bob Up Sincerely.

LAWRENCE, Kan., Oct. 1.—The National Woman's Suffrage convention held its first session tonight in the Christian church. This being the night before election and the Republican and Democratic nominees for congress holding meetings at the same hour in the city, a large audience was not expected at the convention, so that only the lecture room of the church was opened and at 7:30 was so crowded that Miss Anthony could not effect an entrance. The auditorium of the church was finally opened and the crowd surged in. Prof. Canfield, of the State university, delivered the address of welcome. Miss Anthony gave the response and was warmly applauded. Mrs. Clara B. Colby and Mrs. E. S. Saxton made addresses which were well received. Prof. J. G. Clark, of Minneapolis, Minn., added to the pleasure of the evening by giving several beautiful songs.

Who'd a Tho't It?

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—T. V. Powderly, grand master workman of the Knights of Labor, addressed a large mass meeting tonight in favor of the candidacy of Henry George for mayor of New York.

Mr. Powderly, in the course of his remarks said: I am here to ask you not to go from this hall tonight to your own homes and then to go to your neighbors and do all you can to increase the number of your votes, remembering that we require all the votes you should and must give tomorrow. Remember that not only the eyes of this city of New York but of the entire west, east, middle, age, and the entire world, are turned toward this city in the hope and expectation that you people will release the fair name of the metropolis, of this city, from the insults that have been cast upon it, (cheers) and give to New York city a man who will properly and honestly administer the affairs of your city as they never have been administered before.

He closed by counselling them to avoid the saloon tomorrow, and subsequently spoke to a large crowd who could not get into the hall.

An Old Fend Ended.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—An old feud between Jim Ott, a German waiter and Chas. Bales, first chief of the Astor house, was settled tonight when the men met in the kitchen, whither Ott had gone to fill a guest's order. After some words Ott drew a pistol and fired two shots at the chief. Both bullets entered the side of the man, who fell to the floor. Ott immediately fled from the building. He was dressed in a new law hammer, and in his flight went off his hat. An hour later, while the police, who had been notified of his act by the general alarm, were searching for him, a citizen found his dead body in a cellar in Park Place, two blocks away. He had sent a bullet through his heart and killed himself instantly. Bales is shot in the right side, but the wounds are not looked upon as dangerous.

Swapped Horses in the Stream.

BOSTON, Nov. 1.—The prolonged fight in the Fourth district Democratic congressional convention has been ended and the decision of the printing committee to drop the names of Martin Dacey and Mr. O'Neill from the ballot and substitute that of the present incumbent, P. A. Collins, who has consented to run.

Eastern Foot Barred.

BOSTON, Nov. 1.—Cal Brothers, boot and shoe manufacturers, of Campbell, has suspended. Their liabilities are probably heavy.

The Guilt Caged.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 1.—The blame for the railroad accident near Wetz, the brakeman, who has been placed in jail at Portage.

FABULOUS SILVER FIND.

Caldwell, Kansas, Jubilating Over the Discovery of Very Rich

Silver Ore Deposits in the Country Contiguous to That Town.

Assayers Pronounce the Ore Heavily Impregnated With Silver, With Traces of Gold.

Prospectors and Placer Miners Plooting in and the Place Assuming the Gait of a Mining Town.

Some Startling Announcements Contained in the Trans-Atlantic Cablegrams Today.

New Silver Mines.

CALDWELL, Kan., Nov. 1.—There is great excitement in our city over the silver ore found in such large quantities close by. Two old miners who have spent years in the mountains pronounced it rich ore and samples were sent to the state assayer of the mint at Philadelphia, Pa., and the assayer at Denver, Col. Returns came from both and hence the excitement. Below copies of their certificates appear.

From Philadelphia.—The assay office cradled the ore sample from George W. Reilly, of Caldwell, Kan., contains three hundred and forty-two ounces of silver to the ton, gold a trace.

From Denver, Col.—I hereby certify that the sample of ore from Geo. W. Reilly, of Caldwell, assayed three hundred and nine and nine-tenths ounces of silver to the ton, gold a trace.

When 25 years of age he enlisted on the frigate Columbia for a three years' cruise around the world, during which he assisted in burning three Chinese towboats for firing on American ships. He next speculated in horses, at which he accumulated considerable money, and in 1849 he went to California where he added to his wealth. He first met John Morrissey, Bret Harte and others there. He was a friend of Bill Pease who was shot. He served in the first California regiment in the war of the rebellion and at the battle of Ball's Bluff rescued Col. Balford's killed the day after the battle. He was given a medal and a pension of \$20. He had been in the custom house twenty-five years, receiving his first appointment through General Hancock and General Sickles. He denies the charge of taking two dollars from an immigrant girl, for which he was discharged, and says that after shooting the surveyor he turned the pistol on himself, but was so nervous that the bullet went through his hat. He was held for shooting.

Such assays have caused the excitement, for there is no doubt of the finding of ore; it crops out in many localities and specimens are coming in from every direction. Caldwell presents the appearance of a mining town. The Associated Press correspondent has examined specimens found